

TABLE 13A. The occurrence of watermolds with respect to pH of the water. The range () and predominating pH levels are given for each habitat type. The taxonomic status of the species marked by a dagger (†) has been revised; see systematic account. (Adapted from A. Lund, 1934.)

HIGHLY ACIDIC (3.2-) 3.5 - 4.5 (-5.4)		
<i>Achlya caroliniana</i>	<i>A. colorata</i>	<i>A. imperfecta</i> †
<i>A. klebsiana</i> †	<i>A. racemosa</i>	<i>A. radiosa</i>
<i>A. recurva</i>	<i>Aplanes spp.</i> †	<i>Dicytuchus magnusii</i> †
<i>D. monosporus</i>	<i>Saprolegnia asterophora</i>	<i>S. delicata</i> †
<i>S. diclina</i>	<i>S. ferax</i>	<i>S. glomerata</i>
<i>S. latvica</i> †	<i>S. litoralis</i>	<i>S. mixta</i> †
<i>S. monoica</i> †	<i>S. monoica</i> var. <i>montana</i> †	<i>S. pseudocrustosa</i> †
<i>S. torulosa</i>	<i>S. variabilis</i> †	<i>Pythiopsis humphreyana</i>
CONSTANT ALKALINE 7.0 - 8.4 (-9.0)		
<i>A. colorata</i>	<i>A. racemosa</i>	<i>A. radiosa</i>
<i>Aphanomyces laevis</i>	<i>Dictyuchus sp</i>	<i>S. ferax</i>
<i>S. hypogyna</i>		
SLIGHTLY ACID (4.5-) 5.3 - 6.8 (-6.9)		
No particular flora characteristic of this habitat type.		
NEUTRAL ACID 5.2-7.5 (-7.9)		
<i>A. racemosa</i>	<i>A. racemosa</i> var. <i>colorata</i> †	<i>Dictyuchus sp.</i>
<i>S. diclina</i>		